What can't computers do?

How much do you remember after listening to the audio?   Complete the following

The two speakers are called _____ and _____

The ability of machines to copy human intelligent behaviour is called _____

An intelligent machine can _____ from its own mistakes , and _____ decisions based on what's happened in the past

An educated guess is based on _____ and _____

Here are a few examples of places where it is present:

_____

A set of steps a computer follows in order to solve a problem is called an _____

The name of the computer which famously beat world chess champion Garry Kasparov using algorithms in 1997 is _____

Computers 'think' in _____ and _____

The interviewee/guest comes from _____ which is a famous British university

When we don't realize how important something is, we take it for _____

Here are a few examples of things we take for granted in our every day tasks

_____, _____, _____, _____

Some programs can write _____

Google changes its _____ _____hundreds of times every year.

There's a limit on what it can do or how good it can be, it has _____

When you perform a task, or take action, you _____ it

It's very new and advanced at the moment, it's _____ _____

A synonym fo comportment, the way we act : _____

Place the stress on the following words (entourez ou soulignez la syllabe accentuée)

artificial intelligence	limited	knowledge
ability	limitations	Philadelphia
machines	Cambridge	behaviour
offices	interesting	examples
hospitals	recognize	adjective
computer	implement	vocabulary
algorithm	incredibly	technology
science fiction	important	Instagram
Kasparov	perform	
educated	research	

Can you think of examples of AI in everyday's life?
What can machines **already** do? What can't they do **yet**?   (already = déjà / not yet = pas encore)

Vocabulary from the document

What's the English for ___? How do ou say ___ in English?

locuteur	S	déduction logique	E	G
capacité	A	instruit, érudit	E	
comportement	B	invité	G	
erreur	M	reconnaître	R	
prendre une décision	M	considérer comme acquis	T	for G
connaissance	K	tâche	T	
foyer	H	mettre en œuvre	I	
bureau	O	limites	L	
noter des copies	M	à la pointe du progrès	C	
étapes	S	la recherche	R	
résoudre	S	faire penser à, rappeler	R	
battre	B			

TEACHER

The two speakers are called Tim and Neil

The ability of machines to copy human intelligent behaviour is called   Articial Intelligence

An intelligent machine can learn from its own mistakes , and make decisions based on what's happened in the past

An educated guess is based on knowledge and experience

Some places where it is present : in our homes, offices, schools and hospitals

A set of steps a computer follows in order to solve a problem   an algorithm /ˈælgərɪðəm/

The name of the computer which famously beat world chess champion Garry Kasparov using algorithms in 1997 is   Deep Blue

How computers 'think'   in zeros and ones

The interviewee/guest comes from Cambridge which is a famous British university

when we don't realize how important something is, we take it for granted

Examples of things we take for granted in our every day tasks

walking, picking something up, or recognizing somebody

what some programs can write   poetry

what Google changes hundreds of times every year   its search algorithm

there's a limit on what it can do or how good it can be   limitations

to perform a task, or take action   to implement

new and advanced   cutting edge

A synonym fo comportment, the way we act : behaviour

arti**fi**cial in**tell**igence	**li**mited	**know**ledge
a**bi**lity	limi**ta**tions	Phila**del**phia
ma**chi**nes	**Cam**bridge /ˈkeɪmbrɪdʒ/	be**ha**viour
offices	**in**teresting	ex**am**ples
hospitals	**re**cognize	**ad**jective
com**pu**ter	**im**plement	vo**ca**bulary
algorithm	in**cre**dibly	tech**no**logy
science **fic**tion	im**por**tant	**Ins**tagram
Kas**pa**rov	per**form**	
educated	**re**search	